In re: Marsh et al. Serial No.: 10/820,186 Filed: April 7, 2004

Page 5 of 7

## **REMARKS**

This Amendment is in response to the Final Office Action dated May 5, 2005 (the "Action"). Claims 1-11 and 13 were pending at the time of the Action. Claim 1 has been amended to recite the subject matter of Claim 2, and Claim 2 has been canceled. Claim 5 has been amended as required by the Action. Applicants appreciate the Examiner's indication that Claim 5 is allowed.

Applicants submit that the amendments introduce no new matter, raise no new issues, and do not necessitate an additional search.

Claims 1, 3-4, 6-9 and 11 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 2,161,648 to Widman ("Widman"). Claim 13 stands rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 2,185,161 to Tinnerman ("Tinnerman"). Claim 10 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Widman in view of Tinnerman.

In light of the above amendments and the remarks below, Applicants submit that Claims 1, 3-11 and 13 are in condition for allowance.

## I. Claims 1 and 3-11 are not anticipated by Widman

Claim 1 recites that "the device is formed as a unitary member." The Action takes the position that **Figure 3** of Widman illustrates that the device is formed as a unitary member. Applicants respectfully disagree.

The Action identifies the weatherstripping 30, loops 34, and sealing flap 32 as equivalent to the device, the clip, and the cushioning projection as recited in Claim 1. See the Action, pages 2-3, paragraph 4. However, Widman discusses that the loops 34 are formed of a wire 33. See Widman, page 1, col. 2, lines 42-48. Widman further states that the weatherstripping 30 is preferably composed of a vulcanized rubber composition and has the reinforcing wire 33 embedded therein. See Widman, page 1, col. 2, lines 39-42. Therefore, the weatherstripping 30 and the loops 34 are clearly two separate members, and are not "formed as a unitary member" as recited in Claim 1.

In re: Marsh et al. Serial No.: 10/820,186 Filed: April 7, 2004

Page 6 of 7

Moreover, Widman discusses that the loops 34 of the wire 33 are withdrawn through the base of the rectangular section body portion 31 of the weatherstripping 30 and spread adjacent the central portion thereof. The loops 34 are then severed to provide a spring clip or fastener. See Widman, page 1, col. 2, lines 43-52 and Figure 2. It is unclear how the loops 34 of the wire 33 could be withdrawn through the body portion 31 of the weatherstripping 30 to provide a clip if the wire loops 34 and weatherstripping 30 were formed as a unitary body member as alleged in the Action. Therefore, the functionality of the configuration in Widman would be destroyed if the wire loops 34 and weatherstripping 30 were formed as a unitary body member.

For at least these reasons, Applicants submit that Widman cannot anticipate the subject matter of Claims 1 and 3-11 depending therefrom under §102(b), and respectfully requests that this rejection be withdrawn.

## II. Claim 13 is not obvious over Tinnerman

The Action concedes that Tinnerman does not disclose the following recitation: "the base member having a planar portion extending away from the cushioning projection on opposite sides thereof" in Claim 13. However, the Action characterizes this feature as an "obvious design choice" and a "duplication of parts" and further states that no showing of criticality has been shown. *See*, the Action, page 5, paragraph 6.

The Action does not cite any legal support for requiring a showing of criticality. According to the MPEP, § 2144.04, VI., B., the duplication of parts is not patentable unless a new and unexpected result is produced. As shown in **Figures 1-11** of the current application, in some embodiments, a planar portion that extends away from the cushioning projection on opposite sides thereof facilitates mechanical attachment to a furniture component. In contrast, the rubber sealing strip C of Tinnerman, which the Action has identified as equivalent to the device recited in Claim 13, does not mechanically attach to the wall members **A,B** and appears to be attached with an adhesive. *See*, Tinnerman, **Figures 1** and **2**. Accordingly, the mechanical attachment of the claimed device in certain embodiments of the

In re: Marsh et al. Serial No.: 10/820,186 Filed: April 7, 2004

Page 7 of 7

current invention is a result that would not be expected based on the teachings of Tinnerman, and there is no motivation to modify the rubber sealing strip  $\mathbb{C}$  of Tinnerman.

For at least these reasons, Applicants submit that Claim 13 is not obvious in view of Tinnerman under §103(a), and respectfully requests that this rejection be withdrawn.

## III. Conclusion

In light of the above amendments and remarks, Applicant submits that the pending claims are in condition for allowance. Accordingly, Applicants respectfully request allowance of the present application and passing the application to issue.

Respectfully submitted,

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CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service as first class mail in an envelope addressed to Mail Stop AF, Commissioner for Patents, PO Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450, on August 5, 2005.

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Carey Gregory